# Physical Education Curriculum Whole School Overview





Year Groups		PE Overview 2023/2024						
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Reception	Fundamental Movement Skills	Invasion Game Skills	Indoor Athletics	Striking & Fielding Skills	Athletics	Target Games		
	Dance	Gymnastics – Rocking & Rolling	Gymnastics – Flight	Personal Challenges	Net & Wall Skills	Object Manipulation		
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Year 1	Fundamental Movement Skills	Invasion Game Skills	Indoor Athletics	Striking & Fielding Game Skills	Athletics	Outdoor Adventurous		
real I	Dance	Gymnastics – Balancing & Spinning	Gymnastics - Pathways	Fundamental Movement Skills	Net & Wall Skills	Tri Golf		
Voor 2	Fundamental Movement Skills	Invasion Game Skills	Indoor Athletics	Striking & Fielding Game Skills	Athletics	Outdoor Adventure		
Year 2	Dance	Gymnastics – Curling & Arching	Gymnastics - Pathways	Fundamental Movement Skills	Net & Wall Skills	Tri Golf		
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Year 3	Netball/ Basketball	Football	Indoor Athletics	Cricket	Athletics	Outdoor Adventure		
Teal 3	Dance	Swimming	Gymnastics - Body Weight	Tag Rugby	Tennis	Rounders		
Year 4	Netball/ Basketball	Football	Indoor Athletics	Cricket	Athletics	Outdoor Adventure		
16al 4	Dance	Gymnastics – Arching & Bridges	Gymnastics – Partner Work	Tag Rugby	Tennis	Rounders		
Year 5	Netball/ Basketball	Hockey	Indoor Athletics	Cricket	Athletics	Outdoor Adventure		
Years	Dance	Gymnastics - Matching	Gymnastics – Partner Work	Tag Rugby	Tennis	Rounders		
	Netball/ Basketball	Hockey	Indoor Athletics	Cricket	Athletics	Outdoor Adventure		
Year 6	Dance	Gymnastics – Counter Balancing	Gymnastics – Group Sequencing	Tag Rugby	Tennis	Rounders		





### Physical Education Curriculum

Early Years Foundation Stage: Reception

EYFS Autumn 1	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
Fundamental Movement Skills	Run skilfully. Negotiate space successfully. Pick up, carry, and put down with care. Show increasing control over an object. Control my emotions when playing games. Balance on one leg.	What a good space to stand in is How to share equipment and take turns. To take my time and work with care. To run around with my head up. To be aware of other children. Which parts of my body help me with balancing.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition  Vocabulary:
	Move through an obstacle course skilfully.  Be excited about, and confident in, my jobs. Encourage my teammates whilst I wait my turn.  Thread objects. Play games fairly.	To take turns.  To work carefully and that rushing can lead to mistakes.  Some effects of exercise on my body.	run, space, pick up, put down, play, games, take turns
Dance	Use my body to create theme related shapes, movements, and actions.	How to contribute key words to a theme related mind map. How to translate words/ ideas into theme related shapes, movements, and actions.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
	Use my body to express simple theme related shapes, movements, and feelings. Show good listening skills.	How to contribute key words to a theme related mind map. How to translate words/ ideas into theme related shapes, movements, and action.	
	Travel safely and creatively in space. Show different levels when I travel.	That we need to look forwards to safely move around in space.  That we need to control our speed to ensure safety.	
	Communicate effectively with a partner. Use pictures to create shapes, movements, and actions.	How to turn what I see into ways of moving.  How to listen to other people's ideas and vocalise my own thoughts.	Vocabulary: action, movement, travel, direction, space, routine, rhythm, speed, levels, gesture
	Communicate effectively with a partner. Use poems to create shapes, movements, and actions.	How to turn what I read/hear into ways of moving. How to link ideas and movements together so that they start to flow.	
	Remember and perform a simple sequence of movement.	How to use simple technical language to give constructive and useful feedback.	

	Identify what good looks like and give feedback to help my partner improve.		
EYFS Autumn 2	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
	Get into a good ready position to receive bounce passes consistently well.	How far to bounce a pass between me and a friend. How to receive a bounce pass.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
Invasion Game Skills	Pass the ball from my chest using a bounce pass.  Change direction confidently and competently.  Move around safely in a limited space.	How to move around and be aware of others. That being able to dodge off both feet makes me twice as hard to catch.	Competition
	Bounce a ball and track it with my eyes. Keep my head up and travel whilst bouncing a ball. Bounce/ dribble a ball with my feet with good control. Trap a ball using my foot.	Push the ball down and in front of me when I am bouncing.  That I can stop a ball with different parts of my foot. To use the inside part of my foot to pass with accuracy over a short distance.	Vocabulary: space, run, walk, balance, throw, catch, bounce, hil jump, hop, carry, forwards, backwards
	Push pass a hockey ball. Receive a hocky ball.  Dribble a ball with my feet with good control. Stop a ball on the run by trapping it.	That my hands need to 'give' and be 'soft' when receiving a hockey pass. To move into space after passing a ball. To use 'big toe' to dribble keeping the ball close to me. How to trap a ball by moving in line with it and putting	
	Rock on different body parts. Perform a sequence of moves where I transfer the weight from one part of my body to another. Travel from a rock into a roll. Perform a log and egg roll with control and as part of	my foot on it.  That rocking involves moving forward and back, or side to side, on the same body part.  How to share apparatus with others in my group.  To alternate legs when I am climbing.  To use the floor as part of my gym work.	Assesment: Performance Social & Development Competition
Gym – Rocking & Rolling	a sequence. Roll sideways and forwards with control. Leap. Scissor kick. Perform varieties of pencil rolls. Jump from low apparatus in different ways.	How to perform rolls safely. The importance of preparing my body before I do rolls. To be aware of the position of others before rolling. To forward roll on the back of my shoulders. To land by bending my legs.	Vocabulary: stopping, parts high, parts low, bouncing, landing, bend, take-off, star jump, pencil jump, control, tucked, sequence, leaps.
	Rock and roll.  Perform in canon with a partner.  Demonstrate 3 different ways of rolling with good control.  Move from one roll to another by rocking.  Give good feedback to a partner.	To start and finish my sequence in interesting strong positions.  What canon is and how to time its use effectively.  How to roll safely.  How to start to link my moves more effectively.  How to support my partner with positive praise.	tuckeu, sequence, ea <sub>l</sub> us
EYFS Spring 1	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
	Share space and run with my head up. React quickly.	What a good position of readiness looks like. That I need to be focused and avoid distractions.	Assessment: Performance
	Jump, 1 foot to 2 feet and 2 feet to 2 feet. Coordinate a run with a jump.	To land with soft knees.  O use my arms to help power me forward when jumping.	Social & Development Competition
	Throw accurately.  Work cooperatively with a partner and within a group.  Share equipment and take turns.	How to stand to throw overarm. The importance of my non-throwing arm.	
Indoor Athletics	Run efficiently and within a lane. Sustain my form during a race. Dip for the finish.	How to stay focused on my own performance when running in a lane. Why it is important to dip at the finish.	Vocabulary: walk, jog, throw, target, jump, run, hop, skip, fast, pass, react, coordinate
	Jump for height. Time my take-off to clear an obstacle.	Which parts of my body are important when jumping high. How to coordinate a scissor kick.	pace, 1000, 0001011110
	Throw a variety of pieces of equipment well. Throw for distance. Throw with good technique.	How to grip a Frisbee. That I need to throw from a side-on-position. To draw my body back by lifting my front leg to generate more power.	
	Jump in a variety of ways.  Construct a simple jumping sequence with a partner.	To bend my legs when landing to cushion the impact.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
Gym – Flight,	Jump showing good technique throughout take-off and landing. Control a star jump and pencil jump.	That a good sequence involves using the floor imaginatively as well as the apparatus.  How to share the space and take turns.	
Bouncing,	Jump through turns with control.  Jump as part of a sequence of other movements.  Jump and show a tucked body shape in the air.	What a half turn and quarter turn are. To be aware of others when I am jumping. Some different jumping shapes.	Vocabulary:
Jumping & Landing	Jump as part of a sequence of other movements.  Change leg positions whilst I am in the air.	How to jump onto and off apparatus safely.  The difference between a leap and a jump.	stopping, parts high, parts low, bouncing, landing, bend, take-off, star jump, pencil jump, control,
	Jump as part of a sequence of other movements.  Execute a variety of jumps and leaps with control.  Include jumps and leaps in sequence work on the	How to gain extra elevation.  To start my work with an interesting shape and finish it also with style.	tucked, sequence, leaps
EYFS Spring 2	floor and apparatus.  End Points	Essential Knowledge &	Assessment & Vocabulary
Spring 2	Use both hands whilst fielding. Get into line with the ball and field it.	Skills  That I need to run, after striking the ball, to accumulate runs.  To touch my bat over the crease line and slide it on	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
	Stop a ball with 2 hands, creating a barrier behind it with my feet or body.	my final run.  When to run and when not to.  How to form a long barrier to stop a ball.	Competition
Striking &	Hit a ball to the leg side.  Bowl a ball overarm at a target.  Strike a ball of a tee through the offside.	That I must bowl from on or behind the crease.	
Fielding Game Skills	Pick up a ball with one hand and throw it underarm. Call for runs sensibly and decisively when batting.	That I need to communicate with my partner to accumulate runs.  The different calls used by batsmen/women when they want to run.	Vocabulary: throw, catch, bounce, hit, move
	Chase and retrieve a ball.  Make good decisions when batting about when to run and when not to.	That a batsman/ woman should always call after each ball.  That, as a batter, I don't always have to run.	
	Bowl either under or overarm with some accuracy. Wicket keep effectively.	The importance of staying in my crease. How to adopt a wicket-keeping stance.	
Personal	Apply a range of skills.  Find a space. Walk forwards and backwards, stopping when instructed.	To demonstrate The School Games values.  The need for safety when tackling new challenges. How to travel backwards safety. How to share equipment and take turns.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
	Negotiate space successfully.		Social & Development Competition

	Move a ball with control and in different directions.  Apply the right amount of force to a ball.	What following means. What mirroring means.		
	Apply the light amount of notice to a batt.  Negotiate space successfully.  Move freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways.  Jump in different ways and in control.	What a jump is. How to share equipment and take turns.	Vocabulary: space, forwards, backwards, leg, arms, control, dodge, slide, jump	
	Dodge. Slide to my left and right. Negotiate space successfully.	How to dodge. What sliding is.		
	Gallop.  Manipulate objects whilst galloping.  Gallop confidently with either leg as the lead.	How to gallop. How to play fairly and accept decisions in games.		
EYFS Summer 1	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary	
	Share space and run with my head up. React quickly. Jump, 1 foot to 2 feet and 2 feet to 2 feet.	What a good position of readiness looks like. That I need to be focused and avoid distractions.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development	
	Coordinate a run with a jump.	To land with soft knees. O use my arms to help power me forward when jumping.	Competition	
	Throw accurately.  Work cooperatively with a partner and within a group.  Share equipment and take turns.	How to stand to throw overarm. The importance of my non-throwing arm.		
Athletics	Run efficiently and within a lane. Sustain my form during a race. Dip for the finish.	How to stay focused on my own performance when running in a lane. Why it is important to dip at the finish.	Vocabulary: walk, jog, throw, target, jump, run, hop, skip, fast, pass, react, coordinate	
	Jump for height. Time my take-off to clear an obstacle.	Which parts of my body are important when jumping high.  How to coordinate a scissor kick.		
	Throw a variety of pieces of equipment well. Throw for distance. Throw with good technique.	How to grip a Frisbee. That I need to throw from a side-on-position. To draw my body back by lifting my front leg to generate more power.		
	Send a ball with some degree of accuracy.  Receive a ball by moving swiftly into the right position.	What a 'ready position' looks like.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development	
	Strike a ball, with one hand, whilst it is airborne. Play passive and then active rallies by striking over a net with my hand. Strike and volley a ball with some degree of	To call my name when playing doubles if the ball is between me and my partner. To leave a ball which is going to land out.	Competition	
Net & Wall Game Skills	accuracy. Dig a ball by getting underneath it.	That a good high dig gives more time for teammates to set up our own attack.		
Okitto	Strike a ball using an open palm and move into position to receive it back.  Strike a small ball with my open palm with some	What a T position is and how it can help me.  To move to the line of the ball and to get into a T	Vocabulary: send, receive, strike, rally, volley, dig, accuracy, power	
	accuracy. Keep a rally going with a partner. Throw with accuracy and power.	position.  Not to turn my back on the ball.		
	Keep my eye on the ball at all times.	How to throw for accuracy and power.		
EYFS Summer 2	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary	
	Throw a ball underarm with some accuracy at a target.  Throw underarm accurately.	It is important to stand with on leg forward, the opposite leg to the hand I am throwing from.  Which is my dominant hand.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development	
	Work with others and take turns. Strike a ball with my foot for power	How to stand when throwing accurately.  Which part of my foot to use when striking for power.  How to lean back if I want my strike to go higher.	Competition	
Target Games	Kick a ball with some accuracy with both feet. Roll a ball with some accuracy.	Why it is important to kick with both feet.  That the bail travels all the way across the ground when I roll it.  That I need to bend, with one leg forward when rolling.	Vocabulary: throw, ball, arm, target, foot, kick, turns, roll, hands	
	Roll with some accuracy with both hands.	Why it is important to be able to roll well with both hands.		
	Find a good space.  Show increasing control over an object, in pushing it around different parts of my body.  Play games, taking turns.	How to find a space. How to travel around safely.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition	
	Show increasing control over an object. Twist and turn. Reach and bend.	That I need to concentrate to work well with a partner.		
Object	Move a ball with control and in different directions.  Apply the right amount of force to a ball.  Roll a ball.	What following means. What mirroring means. What good positions are for rolling a hall and for	Vocabulans	
Manipulation	Stop a ball when it is rolled to me.  Catch an object.	What good positions are, for rolling a ball and for stopping a ball.  How to make a target with my hands to receive a	Vocabulary: Space, control, push, pull, games, twist, turn, ball, roll, catch, bounce	
	Throw underarm accurately for my friend to catch.	throw. How to stand when throwing underarm.		
	Bounce and catch a ball. Travel around bouncing safely.	That I need to keep my head up when bouncing. How much force I need to bounce with to catch my own bounce.		

# Physical Education Curriculum

Key Stage 1: Year 1 & 2





Year 1 and 2 Autumn 1	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
Addin 1	Нор.	That focusing my eyes and using my arms help me to	Assessment:
	Move carefully retaining my balance.	balance better. To use my arms to help me hop.	Performance Social & Development
	Travel backwards safely.	Potential dangers if I am not sensible.	Competition
	Share space considerately.	To glance periodically over both shoulders when travelling backwards.	
	Jump in a variety of ways. Land safely in different jumps.	To make a W shape when I want to receive a catch. Which my preferred take off foot is.	
Fundamental	Combine a run and jump.		
Movement Skills	Dodge.  Move safely with awareness of others.	To travel around the space being aware of others sharing it with me.	Vocabulary: hop, balance, travel, backwards, space, forwards,
	,	To stay focused and keep my head up when moving around.	sideways, run, jump, dodge, evade, attack, defend, strike
	Evade others.	To always be focused and aware of what is going on.	Stike
	Attack and defend. Punt a ball.	When to attack and when to defend. That a punt is a kick from my hands.	
	Strike a ball accurately and with power with my laces.	That when kicking from the ground, I need to get my standing foot adjacent to the ball.	
	Use my body to create theme related shapes,	How to contribute key words to a theme related mind	Assessment:
	movements, and actions.	map. How to translate words/ ideas into theme related	Performance Social & Development
	Use my body to express simple theme related	shapes, movements and actions.  How to contribute key words to a theme related mind	Competition
	shapes, movements and feelings.	map.	
	Show good listening skills.	How to translate words/ ideas into theme related shapes, movements and action.	
	Travel safely and creatively in space. Show different levels when I travel.	That we need to look forwards to safely move around	
Dance		in space. That we need to control our speed to ensure safety.	
	Communicate effectively with a partner. Use pictures to create shapes, movements and	How to turn what I see into ways of moving. How to listen to other people's ideas and vocalise	Vocabulary: action, movement, travel, direction, space, routine,
	actions.  Communicate effectively with a partner.	my own thoughts.  How to turn what I read/ hear into ways of moving.	rhythm, speed, levels, gesture
	Use poems to create shapes, movements and	How to link ideas and movements together so that	
	actions.  Remember and perform a simple sequence of	they start to flow.  How to use simple technical language to give	
	movement. Identify what good looks like and give feedback to	constructive and useful feedback.	
	help my partner improve.		
Year 1 and 2	E 15 : .	Essential Knowledge &	
Autumn 2	End Points	Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
/ (atairii 2	I can throw overarm for my partner to catch after one	How far to throw the ball in relation to where I am	Assessment:
	bounce. Catch a ball consistently after one bounce.	standing, and my partner is.  To stand in a position of readiness to receive the ball	Performance Social & Development
		on the 1st bounce.	Competition
	Catch a ball consistently on the full.  To move my opponent around the court when playing	To track the flight of the ball right into my hands.  To stay light on my feet and be prepared to move	
	against them.  Track an opponent.	quickly.  To turn my body so I can see my opponent and the	
Invasion Game	Intercept a pass.	ball when defending.	
Skills	Dodger to beat an opponent.  Close the space down that attackers have to work in.	To close the space down quickly when defending.  To attack at speed.	Vocabulary: space, run, walk, balance, throw, catch, bounce, hit,
	Pass the ball consistently with control.  Retain possession of the ball.	To keep my body between the ball and my opponent to shield it.	jump, hop, carry, forwards, backwards, roll, underarm, move, safely, kick, rules, striking, team,
	notalii possession or the batt.	How to deceive defenders by using dummy passes or	speed, direction, force, passing, dodging, sprinting,
	Compete with some spatial awareness in team	'giving the eyes.'  To think ahead in attack and defence for the good of	momentum, tactics
	games. Pass and move decisively.	the team.	
	Travel in curled positions.	What a curled shape looks like.	Assessment:
	Support my own body weight in curled positions.  Stretch whilst in balance.	That I can magpie ideas from others.  What points are.	Performance Social & Development
	Create a sequence which flows and involves arching and stretching.	How to form arches with my body.	Competition
	Create a sequence with seamless transitions	The importance of working at different levels and	
Cumportios	between stretches and curls. Arch my body.	with different dynamics. How to give good feedback to a partner.	
Gymnastics –	Stretch and curl whilst performing a variety of gymnastic movements.	The difference between stretching and curling. How to perform with goof starting and finishing	Vocabulary: stopping, parts high, parts low, bouncing, landing,
Stretching,	Show inversion and counterbalance using the	positions, good eye focus and positive confident	bend, take-off, star jump, pencil jump, control,
Curling & Arching	apparatus.  Form front and back supports.	demeanour.  How to share the apparatus and space with others.	tucked, sequence, leaps, forwards, backwards, sideways, roll, slow, body parts, shape, jump, travel,
	Demonstrate a variety of ways of travelling into and out of supports.	A range of different types of jumps and which are stretched, and which are curled.	stretch, wide, narrow, points, patches, curled, turning, twisting, arching, zigzag
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	Perform a sequence with clear starting and finishing positions.	That timing is important in a routine. To perform with changes of level, direction and	
Year 1 and 2	positions. Demonstrate curling, stretching and arching in my work.	To perform with changes of level, direction and speed.	
Year 1 and 2	positions.  Demonstrate curling, stretching and arching in my	To perform with changes of level, direction and speed.  Essential Knowledge and	Assessment & Vocabulary
Year 1 and 2 Spring 1	positions. Demonstrate curling, stretching and arching in my work.  End Points	To perform with changes of level, direction and speed.  Essential Knowledge and Skills	
	positions. Demonstrate curling, stretching and arching in my work.  End Points  Show a sense of anticipation to begin work. React quickly.	To perform with changes of level, direction and speed.  Essential Knowledge and	Assessment: Performance
	positions. Demonstrate curling, stretching and arching in my work.  End Points  Show a sense of anticipation to begin work. React quickly. Demonstrate agility, balance and coordination.	To perform with changes of level, direction and speed.  Essential Knowledge and Skills  To retain my focus. The importance of a good start.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
	positions. Demonstrate curling, stretching and arching in my work.  End Points  Show a sense of anticipation to begin work. React quickly. Demonstrate agility, balance and coordination. Jump in a variety of ways. Coordinate a run with a jump.	To perform with changes of level, direction and speed.  Essential Knowledge and Skills  To retain my focus. The importance of a good start.  To cushion my knees when landing. The technique for different types of jumps.	Assessment: Performance
	positions. Demonstrate curling, stretching and arching in my work.  End Points  Show a sense of anticipation to begin work. React quickly. Demonstrate agility, balance and coordination. Jump in a variety of ways.	To perform with changes of level, direction and speed.  Essential Knowledge and Skills  To retain my focus. The importance of a good start.  To cushion my knees when landing.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
Spring 1	positions. Demonstrate curling, stretching and arching in my work.  End Points  Show a sense of anticipation to begin work. React quickly. Demonstrate agility, balance and coordination. Jump in a variety of ways. Coordinate a run with a jump. Discover and develop different styles of jumping. Leap, jump and hop.	To perform with changes of level, direction and speed.  Essential Knowledge and Skills  To retain my focus. The importance of a good start.  To cushion my knees when landing. The technique for different types of jumps.  How to improve my technique to increase the height and distance of my jumps. The difference between a leap and a jump.	Assesment: Performance Social & Development Competition
Spring 1	positions. Demonstrate curling, stretching and arching in my work.  End Points  Show a sense of anticipation to begin work. React quickly. Demonstrate agility, balance and coordination. Jump in a variety of ways. Coordinate a run with a jump. Discover and develop different styles of jumping.	To perform with changes of level, direction and speed.  Essential Knowledge and Skills  To retain my focus. The importance of a good start.  To cushion my knees when landing. The technique for different types of jumps. How to improve my technique to increase the height and distance of my jumps.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development

	Help a peer improve their performance with good feedback.	To demonstrate the school games values. How to share equipment and take turns.	
	Demonstrate a variety of athletic techniques competently.		
	Jump with a 90-degree turn. Turn through 180 degrees. Jump through 180 and 270 degrees from a standing start.	What a 90-, 180- and 270-degree turn looks like. How to take off one foot and then spring from 2 feet into a jump.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
	Create a sequence in zig zag pathways.  Demonstrate variety in my movements.  Perform with clear starting and finish positions.	What a zig zag pathway is. That feedback is essential to help me improve.	
Gymnastics – Pathways:	Demonstrate zig zag and straight pathways in my sequence work. Perform with control and adaptions to my original work. Work at all 3 levels.	Ways that I can adapt work to make it even better. The importance of changes of level and direction.	
Straight, Zigzag & Curving	Perform a sequence of moves in a curved pathway. Improve my work by acting upon feedback.	What a curved pathway is.  Different gymnastic moves fit nicely into performing in a curved pathway.	Vocabulary: stopping, parts high, parts low, bouncing, landing, bend, take-off, star jump, pencil jump, control,
	Travel backwards and sideways as part of a sequence. Link my movements together well.	What mirroring is. How to perform in synchrony with a partner.	tucked, sequence, leaps, forwards, backwards, sideways, roll, slow, body parts, shape, jump, travel, stretch, wide, narrow, points, patches, curled,
	Perform a variety of moves on floor and apparatus using different body pathways. Make my sequences flow.	Good ways of transitioning from one move to the next.  How to make my performances aesthetically pleasing.	turning, twisting, arching, zigzag
Year 1 and 2 Spring 2	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
	Catch a ball after one bounce. Strike a ball off a tee.	To run between the wickets after striking a ball into space.	Assessment: Performance
	Bowl overarm with a straight arm. Stop the ball consistently as wicket keeper.	To touch or slide my bat over the crease line.  To bowl from the crease line.  The stance to adopt when keeping wicket.	Social & Development Competition
Striking &	Pick up a ball one handed and return it underarm. I can return the ball quickly from my bootlaces.	What a no-ball and wide are.  Why it is important to be adept at picking the ball up both hands.  At which point from the crease I need to slide my bat.	
Fielding Game Skills	Strike a ball to leg from a short delivery. I can back my friends up in the field. Make along barrier.	The importance of a high backlift when playing short bowling.  How to form a long barrier.	Vocabulary: throw, catch, bounce, hit, move, striking, fielding, target, opponent, batter, bowler, pass, aiming, rules
	Chase a ball and throw it back accurately. Strike a ball off a tee whilst on the move. Play a game applying the skills I have learned. Demonstrate the school games values.	What the correct technique for throwing overarm is.  Why it is important to back throws up in the field.  Why we might chasse down the pitch as a batsman.  Why outfielders walk in with the bowler whilst close fielders stand still.  The importance of good communication between batters and fielders.	
	Skip using a rope. Jump in a variety of ways.	To watch the hands of people turning a rope to know when to jump. That there are different ways of jumping a rope.	Assesment: Performance Social & Development Competition
	Dribble a ball with either hand. Travel with a ball with my head up and with the ball under control.	To push down on the ball using my fingers. To relax whilst dribbling and not be too tense.	
Fundamental  Movement Skills	Receive a ball and trap it. Cushion a pass sent to me.	To send a ball over a short distance using the inside of my foot.  How to turn my foot to cushion a pass sent to me.	
	Pass in different ways. Pass accurately. Jump for height. Broad jump for distance.	How far to bounce pass between me and my partner. That good bounce passes are easier to receive. The difference between a vertical and broad jump. How to measure a vertical jump.	Vocabulary: skip, jump, dribble, ball, hand, control, travel, receive, cushion, pass, trap, accurate, height, broad jump, distance, catch, signal
	Catch consistently well. Signal that I want the ball.	To make a target for my partner to send the ball to. To relax when catching to cushion the impact of the ball.	janp, adamos, octor, organi
Year 1 and 2 Summer 1	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
	Show a sense of anticipation to begin work. React quickly. Demonstrate agility, balance and coordination.	To retain my focus. The importance of a good start.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
	Jump in a variety of ways. Coordinate a run with a jump.	To cushion my knees when landing. The technique for different types of jumps.	Competition
Athletics	Discover and develop different styles of jumping. Leap, jump and hop.	How to improve my technique to increase the height and distance of my jumps.  The difference between a leap and a jump.	
Athletics	Jump in a variety of ways competently.  Add a short run up to my jump.	How to increase the distance of my jumps. Why it is important to warm up.	Vocabulary: walk, jog, throw, target, jump, run, hop, skip, fast,
	Throw with good technique. Throw with a run up.  Help a peer improve their performance with good	How to increase the distance of my throws.  How to keep others safe when I am throwing.  To demonstrate the school games values.	pass, react, coordinate, sustain, efficiency, distance, obstacle
	feedback.  Demonstrate a variety of athletic techniques competently.	How to share equipment and take turns.	
	Send and receive a ball with some degree of accuracy.  Move quickly into good positions to catch.	What a position of readiness looks like. To track the flight of the ball with my eyes.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
	Strike a ball with some degree of accuracy.  Volley a ball by getting in line and underneath it.  Send a ball with increasing accuracy.	Which is the best technique to return a ball.  That I have to get under the ball sufficiently to strike it	Competition
Net & Wall Game	Keep a rally going with a partner.  Develop a good grip and stance.  Begin to strike with more consistency and accuracy	upwards and over a net.  How to form a ready position.  What a T shape is.	Vocabulary: send, receive, strike, rally, volley, dig, accuracy,
Skills	Begin to strike with more consistency and accuracy on the forehand.  Return a ball, after one bounce, that has been thrown to me by a partner.  Begin to rally a few shots with more success.	That the ball has to go over the net, and land in the court on the other side. That I need to move quickly, to get into good	send, receive, strike, ratily, voiley, dig, accuracy, power, ready, return, forehand, backhand, opponent
	Strike a backhand from my own feed. Play against an opponent using a variety of shots. Move fluently around the court.	positions to return the ball.  How to play a game of short tennis against an opponent. To try and get to the centre of the court after each shot.	
Year 1 and 2 Summer 2	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
Tri Golf	Grip a golf club appropriately and adopt a stance to	How to keep myself and others safe.	Assessment:
0011	strike a ball.	How far to draw the club back when putting.	Performance

	Putt a ball towards a target. Share the equipment.		Social & Development Competition
	Putt a ball towards a target with some accuracy.  Change the amount of force I putt depending on if putting uphill or downhill.	What a back swing is. To hit the ball more firmly if putting uphill and more gently if putting downhill.	
	Strike a ball consistently with an iron. Set up to play an iron shot.	Why we tee when hitting irons at the start. To keep my eye on the ball in my swing.	
	Get some height with my iron shots.  Drive for distance.  Strike the ball with increasing accuracy.	What the tick-tock technique is.  The importance of keeping my head still and not trying to hit the ball too hard.  Which club to use and when.	Vocabulary: gotf, grip, club, stance, putt, ball, target, accuracy, force, iron, drive
	Play a round safely and keeping score. Wait patiently and share equipment.	To demonstrate the school games values. Terminology associated with golf.	
	Jump and maintain my balance; can reach, lift and put down.	To cushion the impact of landing with jumping. That I need to listen and respect the opinion of others.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
Outdoor	Follow a map and work with others to solve mathematical clues.	What basic OS symbols are; How to navigate my way around using a simple map.	Competition
Adventurous	Give clear directions; I can follow clear directions.	Where best to stand to give clear instructions. Where the major compass points are.	
- 10.101110110101	Lead my partner in an appropriate warm up.	How to motivate someone and what some of the benefits of exercise are.	Vocabulary: rules, maps, partner, teamwork, competition,
Activities	Work with control and make good decisions. Find clues using a map. Run at a pace which is acceptable to my group.	How to support my team mates positively.  Listen to the opinion of the others before deciding on a course of action.  Understand that planning before we start tackling a problem can save time.	direction, skills, symbols, move, travel, safely, instructions

# Physical Education Curriculum Key Stage 2: Year 3 & 4





Year 3 and 4 Autumn 1	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
	Develop a motif demonstrating some agility, balance, coordination, and precision.	How to contribute key words to a theme related mind map. How to translate words/ideas into actions and combine.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
	Creatively change static actions into travelling movements.  Show different levels, pathways and directions when I travel.	How to translate theme related actions into creative travelling movements.	
Dance	Communicate effectively with a partner.	How to translate images into actions to communicate meaning.	
	Communicate effectively within a group.	How to use chance choreography to create a sequence.	Vocabulary: action, movement, travel, direction, space, routine,
	Communicate effectively within a group. Improve our ideas.	How to use canon, formation changes, direction and level to improve our ideas. How to listen to other people's ideas and vocalise my own thoughts.	rhythm, speed, levels, gesture, formation, cannon, mirroring, isolation, improvise, motif, stimulus, dynamics, choreograph
	Evaluate the work of other's using simple technical language.	How to recognise good timing, execution and performance skills.	
	Send a netball accurately in a variety of ways. Pass under pressure.	Which type of passing technique to use depending on the distance I am sending the ball.  To pass within 4 seconds of receiving the ball.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
	Pass a netball to bypass a defending by quickly passing, or using feinting or, 'giving the eyes'. Defend individually and/or as part of a team.	How to stand in a good position to receive a ball. How to track an opponent.	Competition
	Attack by being fluid in my positioning, using the width and passing quickly.  Get free from opponents by feinting.	That I need to pass in front of my teammates so they can run onto the ball.  The importance of quick passing and varying my passing.	
Netball	Shoot using good technique. Position myself to take rebounds from the post.	The correct technique for shooting. Rules which apply to attackers and defenders when shooting.	Vocabulary: pass, dodge, sprint, balance, momentum, agility, stability, flexibility, intercept, opponent, possession,
	Play a game of Bee Flier Netball, abiding by the rules of the game. Prior thaving landed in possession of the ball. Track an opponent on court. Demonstrate the school games values of passion, self-belief, respect, honesty, determination and	The footwork rule.  How to support the player in possession to ensure safe passes are made.  More of the rules of netball and recognise how to apply them.	attack, defend, centre, goalkeeper, goal defence, goal attack, goal shooter, chest pass, bounce pass, shoulder pass, overhead pass
Year 3 and 4 Autumn 2	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
Autumi Z		To be on the balls of my feet when waiting to receive	Assessment:
	Trap a ball and cushion it when receiving. Pass the ball accurately.	a pass. To move into space after passing. To use the inside of my foot to send when passing over short distances.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
	Dribble a ball using both feet and manipulate it using different parts of the foot. Shield a ball from an opponent.	How to position my body in relation to the ball and my opponent when shielding. Why it's important to take touches with different parts of the foot when dribbling.	
Football	Turn confidently with a football. Play a small, sided game and demonstrate my turns.	To get the ball out wide and use the full width of the pitch.  Which might be the best turn to use in certain circumstances.	
	Make good decisions when in possession. Use a numerical advantage by overloading, overlapping and underlapping. Compensate for a numerical disadvantage by being very well organised.	How to defend against someone when in a 1v1 situation.  When to overlap and underlap.	Vocabulary: pass, receive, dribble, shot, target, opponent, dodging, attack, defend, intercept, possession, control, hold, press, head, goalkeeper, defender, midfielder, attacker, combine, goal kick, corner,
	Defend well, watching the ball, jockeying to await the moment to pounce and being decisive.  Focus and retain my concentration when the ball isn't in my area of the pitch.	That the team needs to be balanced and that means sometimes playing in a position which isn't my favourite.  To pass and move into space.	throwin, free kick, penalty, goal, foul, tactics

	Show the skills and knowledge you have developed in a competitive environment.  Get into sideways positions when receiving the ball.	The importance as a defender of getting into sideways position where you can see the ball and your opponent.	
	Support my body weight on my hands and feet only. Spin from one means of support to another.	What points and patches are. The importance of control in my movements.	Assessment: Performance
	Spin and take my weight in my hands. Perform sequences using front and back asymmetrical supports and symmetrical spinning. Create sequences involving different controlled rolls	To use the floor space imaginatively as well as the apparatus.  To change direction and the level I am working at.  To use feedback to uplevel my work.	Social & Development Competition
Gymnastics – Arching and Bridges	and front and back supports.  Create sequences, moving seamlessly from front and back supports to other balances.  Form different shapes with my legs whilst in shoulder	Different ways of supporting myself in shoulder balances.	Vocabulary: stopping, parts high, parts low, bouncing, landing, bend, take-off, star jump, pencil jump, control,
Bilagoo	balances.  Work in different formations within a sequence.  Perform in unison to a set count.	How to work in tandem with a partner in different ways.	tucked, sequence, leaps, forwards, backwards, sideways, roll, slow, body parts, shape, jump, travel, stretch, wide, narrow, points, patches, curled,
	Work in a pair.  Create a sequence of front and back supports which involve working under and over.	The school games values.	turning, twisting, arching, zigzag, symmetry, asymmetry, transitions, unison
Year 3 and 4 Spring 1	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
	Change pace and run at different tempos. Sustain my pace over longer distances.  Throw with accuracy and power using the pull technique. Throw after a run up.	How to control my running over middle distance. How running a bend differs from running a straight. To get sideways on when throwing. How to safely throw as part of a group. To use my non-throwing arm to help me.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
Indoor Athletics	Throw with greater force and over longer distances. Throw with greater control, accuracy and efficiency.	How to throw a shot using, 'clean palm, dirty neck' technique.  How to generate power from the thighs.	
mader / tentocide	Perform the correct techniques for triple jump, high jump and standing vertical jump. Measure accurately my performance at standing vertical jumping.	How to approach the bar from an arced run up when high jumping.  The technique, 'same, different, both' for triple jump.	Vocabulary: walk, jog, throw, target, jump, run, hop, skip, fast, pass, react, coordinate, sustain, efficiency, distance, obstacle, sprint, hurdle, scissor kick, javelin, baton,
	Combine sprinting with hurdling.  Transfer a relay baton efficiently as part of a team.	My take off foot and lead leg. How to hurdle efficiently. How to position myself to receive a baton.	shot putt, hammer throw, 100 metres, long jump, triple jump, high jump, marathon
	Balance on different points and patches.  Match a partner's moves in synchrony.  Compose a sequence with a partner.	What a point of contact is.  What a contrast is.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
Gymnastics –	Compose a sequence with a partner.  Perform elements of my sequence in contrast to a partner.  Match my partner's asymmetrical balances.	what a contrast is.  How to contrast in terms of working at different levels; in different directions; in different pathways and at different speeds.  How to work with a partner and perform in unison.	Social & Development Competition
Partner Work -	Work with contrasting dynamics to my partner.  Work alongside a partner to produce our best work.	How to move from the same position to a contrasting	Vocabulary:
Pushing and Pulling	Create a sequence involving matching and contrasts.  Work in a group.	one to my partner, and then back to the same.  How to communicate and negotiate with others	stopping, parts high, parts low, bouncing, landing, bend, take-off, star jump, pencil jump, control, tucked, sequence, leaps, forwards, backwards,
	Help to compose, and then perform, a sequence with contrasting and matching shapes and moves.  Work at contrasting levels.	when composing.  What the School Games values are, and the	sideways, roll, slow, body parts, shape, jump, trave stretch, wide, narrow, points, patches, curled, turning, twisting, arching, zigzag, symmetry,
	Perform in unison and canon.	importance of applying them.	asymmetry, transitions, unison
Vear 3 and 4		Essential Knowledge &	
Year 3 and 4 Spring 2	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
	End Points  Stand sideways-on, with a high back lift, ready to receive a ball.  Step back and across to pull a short ball.  Bowl a ball overarm with a straight arm.  Take a wicket keeping stance and take balls bowled on both sides of the wicket.	How to grip the bat. How to move back and across, to play the pull shot. What the crease is for. How to grip a ball when bowling. The process of bowling from the coil to release of the ball.	Assessment & Vocabulary  Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
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Spring 2  Cricket	Stand sideways-on, with a high back lift, ready to receive a ball.  Step back and across to pull a short ball.  Bowl a ball overarm with a straight arm.  Take a wicket keeping stance and take balls bowled on both sides of the wicket.  Throw accurately and powerfully.  Hit a ball by driving it and then run between a set of wickets, sliding my bat when necessary.  Bat successfully with a partner, communicating effectively.  Bowl with increasing accuracy.  Bowl with increasing accuracy.  Bowl with a run up.  Stop hard balls struck at me by forming a long barrier.  Communicate effectively with a partner when batting.  Back up my fellow fielders in the field.  Play purposefully in a competitive game, taking on multiple roles effectively.  Scoop a ball up from the floor.  Dodge to avoid being tagged by an opponent.  Tag safely.  Pocket pass with accuracy from my right and left.  Make a target to receive the ball.  Send and receive a ball under pressure.  Pass a rugby ball backwards accurately.  Dummy a pass.	How to grip the bat. How to grip the bat. How to move back and across, to play the pull shot. What the crease is for. How to grip a ball When bowling. The process of bowling from the coil to release of the ball. How to position myself when wicketkeeping so there are no obstructions to my vision. When to slide my bat to make my ground when running between the wickets. What "backing up" means to fielders. The different calls I can make as a batsman. Which batsman/woman calls and the circumstances when each should call. How to form a long barrier to field a hard shot.  When to stand still in the field, and when to walk in as the bowler runs in. Why I need to call my name if going for a high catch. How to hold a rugby ball. How to score a try.  To shout "Tagged" when I grab an opponent's tags. How to restart games after a try has been scored.  To run at pace and commit a defender when attacking. To close the space down quickly when defending and then brace myself to grab a tag. To support the ball carrier by staying just behind them when in the attacking line. What a knock on and forward pass are.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition  Vocabulary: striking, fielding, target, opponent, bater, bowler, noball, overarm, wicketkeeper, crease, back up, wide, pace, spin, onside, leg side, drive, pull, cut, barrier  Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition  Vocabulary: pass, tackle, dodge, step, handle, backwards, dummy, overlap, knock on, offside, forward pass,
Spring 2  Cricket	Stand sideways-on, with a high back lift, ready to receive a ball.  Step back and across to pull a short ball.  Bowl a ball overarm with a straight arm.  Take a wicket keeping stance and take balls bowled on both sides of the wicket.  Throw accurately and powerfully.  Hit a ball by driving it and then run between a set of wickets, sliding my bat when necessary.  Bat successfully with a partner, communicating effectively.  Bowl with a run up.  Stop hard balls struck at me by forming a long barrier.  Communicate effectively with a partner when batting.  Back up my fellow fielders in the field.  Play purposefully in a competitive game, taking on multiple roles effectively.  Scoop a ball up from the floor.  Dodge to avoid being tagged by an opponent.  Tag safely.  Pocket pass with a accuracy from my right and left.  Make a target to receive the ball.  Send and receive a ball under pressure.  Pass a rugby ball backwards accurately.  Dummy a pass.  Pass backwards consistently.  Create an overlap.  Pass, missing out players in a line.  Set up defensively opposite an opponent.	How to grip the bat. How to grip the bat. How to move back and across, to play the pull shot. What the crease is for. How to grip a ball When bowling. The process of bowling from the coil to release of the ball. How to position myself when wicketkeeping so there are no obstructions to my vision. When to slide my bat to make my ground when running between the wickets. What 'backing up' means to fielders. The different calls I can make as a batsman. Which batsman/woman calls and the circumstances when each should call. How to form a long barrier to field a hard shot.  When to stand still in the field, and when to walk in as the bowler runs in. Why I need to call my name if going for a high catch. How to hold a rugby ball. How to score a try.  To shout 'Tagged' when I grab an opponent's tags. How to restart games after a try has been scored.  To run at pace and commit a defender when attacking. To close the space down quickly when defending and then brace myself to grab a tag. To support the ball carrier by staying just behind them when in the attacking line. What a knock on and forward pass are. To stagger the attacking line and why we do that. To defend across the width of the pitch. The offside rule.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition  Vocabulary: striking, fielding, target, opponent, bater, bowler, noball, overarm, wicketkeeper, crease, back up, wide, pace, spin, onside, leg side, drive, pull, cut, barrier  Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition  Vocabulary: pass, tackle, dodge, step, handle, backwards,
Spring 2  Cricket  Tag Rugby	Stand sideways-on, with a high back lift, ready to receive a ball.  Step back and across to pull a short ball.  Bowl a ball overarm with a straight arm.  Take a wicket keeping stance and take balls bowled on both sides of the wicket.  Throw accurately and powerfully.  Hit a ball by driving it and then run between a set of wickets, sliding my bat when necessary.  Bat successfully with a partner, communicating effectively.  Bowl with a run up.  Stop hard balls struck at me by forming a long barrier.  Communicate effectively with a partner when batting.  Back up my fellow fielders in the field.  Play purposefully in a competitive game, taking on multiple roles effectively.  Scoop a ball up from the floor.  Dodge to avoid being tagged by an opponent.  Tag safely.  Pocket pass with accuracy from my right and left.  Make a target to receive the ball.  Send and receive a ball under pressure.  Pass a rugby ball backwards accurately.  Dummy a pass.  Pass backwards consistently.  Create an overlap.	How to grip the bat. How to grip the bat. How to move back and across, to play the pull shot. What the crease is for. How to grip a ball when bowling. The process of bowling from the coil to release of the ball. How to position myself when wicketkeeping so there are no obstructions to my vision. When to slide my bat to make my ground when running between the wickets. What "backing up" means to fielders. The different calls I can make as a batsman. Which batsman/woman calls and the circumstances when each should call. How to form a long barrier to field a hard shot.  When to stand still in the field, and when to walk in as the bowler runs in. Why I need to call my name if going for a high catch. How to score a try.  To shout "Tagged" when I grab an opponent's tags. How to restart games after a try has been scored.  To run at pace and commit a defender when attacking. To close the space down quickly when defending and then brace myself to grab a tag. To support the balt carrier by staying just behind them when in the attacking line. What a knock on and forward pass are. To stagger the attacking line and why we do that. To defend across the width of the pitch. The offside rule. How to restart games after a try.	Vocabulary: striking, fielding, target, opponent, bater, bowler, noball, overarm, wicketkeeper, crease, back up, wide, pace, spin, onside, leg side, drive, pull, cut, barrier  Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition  Vocabulary: pass, tackle, dodge, step, handle, backwards, dummy, overlap, knock on, offside, forward pass, attack, defend, scoop, try, tagged, pocket pass, attack, defend, scoop, try, tagged, pocket pass,
Spring 2  Cricket	Stand sideways-on, with a high back lift, ready to receive a ball.  Step back and across to pull a short ball.  Bowl a ball overarm with a straight arm. Take a wicket keeping stance and take balls bowled on both sides of the wicket.  Throw accurately and powerfully. Hit a ball by driving it and then run between a set of wickets, sliding my bat when necessary.  Bat successfully with a partner, communicating effectively. Bowl with a run up. Stop hard balls struck at me by forming a long barrier. Communicate effectively with a partner when batting.  Back up my fellow fielders in the field. Play purposefully in a competitive game, taking on multiple roles effectively.  Scoop a ball up from the floor. Dodge to avoid being tagged by an opponent. Tag safely. Pocket pass with accuracy from my right and left. Make a target to receive the ball. Send and receive a ball under pressure.  Pass a rugby ball backwerds accurately. Dummy a pass.  Pass backwards consistently. Create an overlap.  Pass, missing out players in a line. Set up defensively opposite an opponent. Apply a range of skills effectively in a game of rugby.	How to grip the bat. How to grip the bat. How to move back and across, to play the pull shot. What the crease is for. How to grip a ball when bowling. The process of bowling from the coil to release of the ball. How to position myself when wicketkeeping so there are no obstructions to my vision. When to slide my bat to make my ground when running between the wickets. What "backing up" means to fielders. The different calls I can make as a batsman. Which batsman/woman calls and the circumstances when each should call. How to form a long barrier to field a hard shot.  When to stand still in the field, and when to walk in as the bowler runs in. Why I need to call my name if going for a high catch. How to hold a rugby ball. How to score a try.  To shout 'Tagged' when I grab an opponent's tags. How to restart games after a try has been scored.  To run at pace and commit a defender when attacking. To close the space down quickly when defending and then brace myself to grab a tag. To support the ball carrier by staying just behind them when in the attacking line. What a knock on and forward pass are. To stagger the attacking line and why we do that. To defend across the width of the pitch. The offside rule.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition  Vocabulary: striking, fielding, target, opponent, bater, bowler, noball, overarm, wicketkeeper, crease, back up, wide, pace, spin, onside, leg side, drive, pull, cut, barrier  Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition  Vocabulary: pass, tackle, dodge, step, handle, backwards, dummy, overlap, knock on, offside, forward pass, attack, defend, scoop, try, tagged, pocket pass, attack, defend, scoop, try, tagged, pocket pass,
Spring 2  Cricket  Tag Rugby  Year 3 and 4	Stand sideways-on, with a high back lift, ready to receive a ball.  Step back and across to pull a short ball.  Bowl a ball overarm with a straight arm.  Take a wicket keeping stance and take balls bowled on both sides of the wicket.  Throw accurately and powerfully.  Hit a ball by driving it and then run between a set of wickets, sliding my bat when necessary.  Bat successfully with a partner, communicating effectively.  Bowl with increasing accuracy.  Bowl with increasing accuracy.  Bowl with a run up.  Stop hard balls struck at me by forming a long barrier.  Communicate effectively with a partner when batting.  Back up my fellow fielders in the field.  Play purposefully in a competitive game, taking on multiple roles effectively.  Scoop a ball up from the floor.  Dodge to avoid being tagged by an opponent.  Tag safely.  Pocket pass with accuracy from my right and left.  Make a target to receive the ball.  Send and receive a ball under pressure.  Pass a rugby ball backwards accurately.  Dummy a pass.  Pass backwards consistently.  Create an overlap.  Pass, missing out players in a line.  Set up defensively opposite an opponent.	How to grip the bat. How to move back and across, to play the pull shot. What the crease is for. How to grip a ball when bowling. The process of bowling from the coil to release of the ball. How to position myself when wicketkeeping so there are no obstructions to my vision.  When to slide my bat to make my ground when running between the wickets. What "backing up" means to fielders. The different calls I can make as a batsman. Which batsman/woman calls and the circumstances when each should call. How to form a long barrier to field a hard shot.  When to stand still in the field, and when to walk in as the bowler runs in. Why I need to call my name if going for a high catch. How to hold a rugby ball. How to score a try.  To shout 'Tagged' when I grab an opponent's tags. How to restart games after a try has been scored.  To run at pace and commit a defender when attacking. To close the space down quickly when defending and then brace myself to grab a tag. To support the ball carier by staying just behind them when in the attacking line. What a knock on and forward pass are. To stagger the attacking line and why we do that. To defend across the width of the pitch. The offside rule. How to restart games after a try.	Vocabulary: striking, fielding, target, opponent, bater, bowler, noball, overarm, wicketkeeper, crease, back up, wide, pace, spin, onside, leg side, drive, pull, cut, barrier  Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition  Vocabulary: pass, tackle, dodge, step, handle, backwards, dummy, overlap, knock on, offside, forward pass, attack, defend, scoop, try, tagged, pocket pass, target, tactics

		How to generate power from the thighs.	
	Perform the correct techniques for triple jump, high jump and standing vertical jump.  Measure accurately my performance at standing vertical jumping.  Combine sprinting with hurdling.	How to approach the bar from an arced run up when high jumping.  The technique, 'same, different, both' for triple jump.  My take off foot and lead leg.	Vocabulary: walk, jog, throw, target, jump, run, hop, skip, fast, pass, react, coordinate, sustain, efficiency, distance, obstacle, sprint, hurdle, scissor kick, javelin, baton, shot putt, hammer throw, 100 metres, long jump,
		How to hurdle efficiently.	triple jump, high jump, marathon
	Transfer a relay baton efficiently as part of a team.  Take up a 'ready position' and move into good positions to strike a ball.  Play a game of hand tennis trying to move my opponent around the court.	How to position myself to receive a baton.  What a ready position is.  To try and get into the centre of the court after playing each shot.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
	Hit consistently forehand returns.  Get into consistently good positions to hit the ball after one bounce.	To hit with a nice full backswing. To keep my head still and to try and hit with control.	
Tennis	Get into good positions and play backhand shots.  Strike the ball on the backhand with some consistency.	That I can play a backhand with one hand or two, whichever feels more comfortable.	
	Volley a ball on the forehand and backhand striking the ball downwards.	To volley a ball by deflecting it downwards.	Vocabulary: grip, racket, net, baseline, ready position, serve,
	Serve from the baseline into my opponent's side of the court. Move into the correct position to play a variety of shots.	The rules of tennis. How to score.	forehand, backhand, return, volley, pass, deft, smash, lob
	Use tactics against an opponent.	My own and my opponent's strengths and weaknesses.	
Year 3 and 4 Summer 2	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
	Work as part of a team. Show enthusiasm, determination and resilience.	How to use the process of elimination to work out symbols I don't know.	Assessment: Performance
	Work together in a small group to solve problems. Compete under pressure.	I have to communicate well and negotiate to solve problems in a group.  To persevere and try again when things don't go immediately to plan.	Social & Development Competition
Outdoor	Negotiate with my group. Plan a route map.	My compass points.  How to navigate around an area following directions.	
Adventurous Activities	Work with others to solve problems. Follow the rules of an activity. Identify areas of the school grounds using a map. Run and think simultaneously to compete in a competition.	The importance of listening to others and communicating well.  How to orientate a map and find clues.	Vocabulary: rules, maps, partner, teamwork, competition, direction, skills, symbols, move, travel, safely, instructions, route, trust, team building, problem solving, strategy, communication
	compension.  Identify where several controls are situated around the school grounds via photographic clues.  Take photographs of interesting places around the school site.	How to use an iPad to take photographs. How to take turns and use equipment safely.	soung, success, communication
	Send using good throwing technique.  Receive using good catching a technique.	Make decisions about when to run and when not to.	Assessment: Performance
	Develop basic bowling and batting skills.	To position myself sideways on when both striking and bowling.  How to grip a ball so that it comes out of my fingers smoothly when bowling.	Social & Development Competition
Rounders	Develop my throwing skills.  Communicate with other players for the good of my team.	What a 'no-ball' is. Why fielders might start off a base and then move to it after a strike.	
	Field the ball off the ground using a variety of techniques.	Which ground fielding technique to use at any given time. What happens when I miss a rounders ball or hit behind me.	Vocabulary: catch, throw, run, bowl, bat, base, field, space, barrier, backstop, back up, return, offside
	Catch high balls confidently. Backpedal to catch balls over me.	How to keep score. To call my name if going for a high catch.	
	Perform well in a range of positions in a competitive game.	How to back up other fielders.	

# Physical Education Curriculum

Key Stage 2: Year 5 & 6





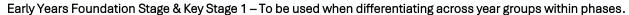
Year 5 and 6 Autumn 1	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary	
Noth all/	Send a netball in a variety of ways. Receive a ball and already know what to do with it. Pass accurately and using a variety of passes. Anticipate the play and release the ball quickly and efficiently. Shoot with good technique. Land and pivot to pass the ball.	How to signal for a pass. That I need to move to a new space after passing. How to disguise my passes. That when I get sideways onto to receive a ball, it opens the court. What the terms, 'landing foot, pivot foot and stepping', mean. The rules around shooting.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition	
Netball/ Basketball	Control a basketball using both hands. Protect the ball under pressure.  Pass the ball using good techniques of having a target and stepping in the direction of a chest pass and bounce pass. Cut away and back again to receive space.	How to manipulate and manoeuvre a basketball within the rules.  How to use my body to protect the ball.  A variety of ways to pass.  How to create space to receive a pass.	Vocabulary: pass, dodge, sprint, balance, momentum, agility, pass, dodge, sprint, balance, momentum, agility, stability, flexibility, intercept, opponent, possession, attack, defend, centre, goalkeeper, goal defence, goal shooter, goal attack, wing defence, wing attack, pivot, footwork, switch, press, retreat, chest pass, bounce pass, shoulder pass, overhead pass,	
	Demonstrate different dribbling skills. Combine a range of dribbles and vary speed and direction to get past defenders.	How to defend against an attacking player. How to protect the ball from and move it around a defender within the rules.	bounce, dribble, shield, triple threat, double dribble, travelling, v cut, l cut, guard	
Dance	Develop a motif demonstrating some agility, balance, coordination, and precision.	How to contribute key words to a theme related mind map. How to translate words/ ideas into actions and combine.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition	
	Creatively change static actions into travelling movements. Show different levels, pathways and directions when I travel.	How to translate theme related actions into creative travelling movements.		
	Communicate effectively with a partner.	How to translate images into actions to communicate meaning.		
	Communicate effectively within a group.	How to use chance choreography to create a sequence.	Vocabulary:	

	Communicate effectively within a group. Improve our ideas.	How to use canon, formation changes, direction and level to improve our ideas. How to listen to other people's ideas and vocalise my own thoughts.	action, movement, travel, direction, space, routine, rhythm, speed, levels, gesture, formation, cannon, mirroring, isolation, improvise, motif, stimulus, dynamics, choreograph
	Evaluate the work of other's using simple technical language.	How to recognise good timing, execution and performance skills.	
Year 5 and 6 Autumn 2	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
	Hold the stick correctly. Dribble the ball with my head up.	If using Quick Sticks, that everybody plays right- handed, and I can only use the flat side of the stick. That I can't lift the stick higher than my waist.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
	Indian dribble. Push pass accurately.	That I need to use the flat side of the stick only. The technique for push passing. How to receive a ball by cushioning its impact.	Competition
Hockey	Jab tackle. Send and receive under pressure. Pass and move.	How to carry out a jab tackle. That I need to move to space after passing.	
. ioonoy	Work with a partner to get past a defender.  Develop a range of attacking skills and strategies.	When to pass a ball and when to dribble. When defending, to close the space.	Vocabulary: striking, defend, attack, possession, space, marking,
	Develop my skills in different positions. Support my teammates by communicating with	To use a width of the pitch when attacking. How to play in a formation.	tracking, pass, dribble, Indian dribble, goalkeeper, press, track, intercept, hold, tactics, jab tackle, slap
	them.  Respect the rules of the game and decisions of my	How to make the most of a numerical advantage.  The rules of hockey and how to officiate a game.	pass, push pass, long corner, penalty
	peers. Adapt tactics in a game if they are not working.	To demonstrate the school games' values.	
	Hold controlled balances on a variety of points and patches on a given number of body parts. Create a sequence of moves in unison with a partner.	How to link skills to perform actions and sequences of movement. Technical language associated with gymnastics. What counter balancing is. How to perform in unison.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
	Evaluate the work of others. Hold a range of symmetrical and asymmetrical counterbalances. Work at different levels with weight on a variety of points and patches. Create a sequence of moves in unison with a partner.	How to link skills to perform actions and sequences of movement.  Technical language associated with gymnastics.  What counter balancing is.  What push and pull forces are.	
Gymnastics – Counterbalance	Hold a range of symmetrical and asymmetrical counterbalances. Roll as part of a balancing and rolling sequence. Challenge myself to improve.	How to use a range of dynamics to make my sequence aesthetically pleasing. How to peer assess. A range of pathways.	
& Counter Tension	Hold a range of symmetrical and asymmetrical balances counterbalances with a partner. Use my own body weight in opposition to the apparatus. Link skills to perform actions and sequences.	What counter tension is. How to use a range of dynamics to make my sequence aesthetically pleasing.	Vocabulary: stopping, parts high, parts low, bouncing, landing, bend, take-off, star jump, pencil jump, control, tucked, sequence, leaps, forwards, backwards, sideways, roll, slow, body parts, shape, jump, travel,
	Emir skills to perform actions and sequences.  Perform a sequence in canon at different levels.  Link asymmetrical counter tension balances and counterbalances using transitional moves.  Evaluate the work of others using correct technical language.	What the difference between counter tension and counterbalance is.  How to perform effectively in canon.	sideways, full, stow, body parts, stape, jurnp, tav- stretch, wide, narrow, points, patches, curled, turning, twisting, arching, zigzag, symmetry, asymmetry, transitions, unison, fluency, refine
	Work in a group. Perform asymmetrical counterbalances in a sequence, using canon or unison. Use the apparatus and/or pupils when balancing. Enjoy competing and challenging yourself to	What the difference between counter tension and counterbalance is.  How to link skills to perform actions and sequences of movement.  How to use a combination of canon and unison in a	
Voor Flond 6	improve.	group sequence.	
Year 5 and 6	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
Spring 1	Change pace and run at different tempos. Sustain my pace over longer distances. Throw with accuracy and power using the pull technique.	How to control my running over middle distance. How running a bend differs from running a straight. To get sideways on when throwing. How to throw safely as part of a group.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
Aulalania	Throw after a run up. Throw with greater force over longer distances. Throw with greater control, accuracy and efficiency.	To use my non-throwing arm to help me throw.  How to throw a shot using 'clean palm, dirty neck' technique.	
Athletics	Perform correct techniques for triple jump, high jump and standing vertical jump. Measure accurately my performance at standing vertical jump.	How to generate power from the thighs.  How to approach the bar from an arced run up when high jumping.  The technique, 'same, different, both' for triple jump.	Vocabulary: walk, jog, throw, target, jump, run, hop, skip, fast, pass, react, coordinate, sustain, efficiency, distance, obstacle, sprint, hurdle, scissor kick, javelin, baton,
	Combine sprinting with hurdling.  Transfer a relay baton efficiently as part of a team.	My take-off foot and lead leg. How to hurdle efficiently. How to position myself to receive a baton.	shot putt, hammer throw, 100 metres, long jump, triple jump, high jump, marathon
	Work in a group of 4 to create a sequence of rolls. Perform in unison with others. Create a sequence where starting and finishing points are clearly defined.	What unison is. How to transition from one roll to another.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition
Gymnaetics_	Work in a group of 6 to create a sequence involving different formations and pathways. Work as part of a team to create a sequence involving flight.	How to jump safely. How to mount and dismount apparatus safely.	
Gymnastics – Group	Create a sequence working at different levels and with different dynamics.  Spin on a variety of points and patches.	What points and patches are. What mirroring, canon and unison are.	
Sequencing	Take weight on my hands in different ways. Travel on different body parts.  Perform a sequence as a group with changes in	How to change the dynamics within a sequence.  How to adapt a floor sequence to make it work on	Vocabulary: stopping, parts high, parts low, bouncing, landing, bend, take-off, star jump, pencil jump, control,
	direction, level and speed.  Create sequences with pathways that cross.  Mirror asymmetrical body shapes within a group.	the apparatus.  How to perform in front of an audience.	tucked, sequence, leaps, forwards, backwards, sideways, roll, slow, body parts, shape, jump, travel, stretch, wide, narrow, points, patches, curled,
	Time my moves within a group sequence.		turning, twisting, arching, zigzag, symmetry, asymmetry, transitions, unison, fluency, refine
Year 5 and 6 Spring 2	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary
	Catch consistently well under pressure. Throw accurately overarm.	To slide my bat over the crease when running. What a position of anticipation looks like when fielding/	Assessment: Performance Social & Development
Cricket	Bowl with a short run up and straight arm with some accuracy.	To bowl from the crease line and that my foot can land on the line itself.  How to grip the bat correctly, take up a suitable	Social & Development Competition
CHOROC	Pull a ball from a short delivery to the leg side.	stance and strike the ball consistently well.	

	Bowl with a run up.			
	Bowl with consistent accuracy and length. Pick up and return a ball with one hand quickly and consistently well. Use my feet to get to the pitch of the ball when batting.	That I can leave my crease to hit balls.  Why I might leave my crease.  When I might use a one-handed pick-up technique.	Vocabulary: striking, fielding, target, opponent, bater, bowler, no- ball, overarm, wicketkeeper, crease, back up, wide, pace, spin, onside, leg side, drive, pull, cut, barrier	
	Show tactical awareness as a fielder. Bowl out of the back of my hand. Play a square cut shot.	What overthrows are and why it is important for outfielders to walk in with the bowler as they run up. How to bowl leg spin. When to play a square cut shot.		
	Link skills and perform in a competitive game. Bowl by running in close to the wickets.	To work as a team ensuring that I back up for possible overthrows.  The importance of great communication with batting.		
	I can pop pass and pocket pass. Tag someone safely. What constitutes a try and what doesn't. Send and receive a ball on the run and under	How to grip a ball and the importance of carrying it in 2 hands.  Know when to pop pass and when to pocket pass.  What position I need to get into when passing left	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition	
	pressure. Pass well to my right and left.  Pass a rugby ball backwards consistently.	and how it changes when I pass to my right.  How to 'roll' my hands when changing position and making catches.  To close the space when defending and be wary of		
	Pass accurately. Dummy a pass.	the dummy pass. What a knock on and forward pass are.		
Tag Rugby	Pass missing out players in a line.  Take a tap penalty with a dummy half.  Attack in staggered lines.	What offside is. To run on to the ball at pace. To organise attacking lines in a staggered formation	Vocabulary:  pass, tackle, dodge, step, handle, backwards, dummy, overlap, knock on, offside, forward pass,	
	Organise my position so that I receive passes on the run.	wither side of the ball. That each team has a limited number of tackles before possession of the ball changes to the other team.	attack, defend, scoop, try, tagged, pocket pass, target, tactics	
	Apply skills effectively. Develop game understanding and compete in a game of Tag Rugby.	When the referee might play advantage and when he/she won't. That we can operate as a team with a full back. That when we get the ball in the centre of the pitch near our opponent's line we stretch their defence.		
Year 5 and 6 Summer 1	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary	
	Change pace and run at different tempos. Sustain my pace over longer distances.	How to control my running over middle distance. How running a bend differs from running a straight.	Assessment: Performance	
	Throw with accuracy and power using the pull technique. Throw after a run up.	To get sideways on when throwing.  How to throw safely as part of a group.  To use my non-throwing arm to help me throw.	Social & Development Competition	
Athletics	Throw with greater force over longer distances. Throw with greater control, accuracy and efficiency.  Perform correct techniques for triple jump, high jump	How to throw a shot using 'clean palm, dirty neck' technique. How to generate power from the thighs. How to approach the bar from an arced run up when	Vocabulary:	
	and standing vertical jump.  Measure accurately my performance at standing vertical jump.	high jumping. The technique, 'same, different, both' for triple jump.	walk, jog, throw, target, jump, run, hop, skip, fast, pass, react, coordinate, sustain, efficiency, distance, obstacle, sprint, hurdle, scissor kick, javelin, baton,	
	Combine sprinting with hurdling.  Transfer a relay baton efficiently as part of a team.	My take-off foot and lead leg.  How to hurdle efficiently.  How to position myself to receive a baton.	shot putt, hammer throw, 100 metres, long jump, triple jump, high jump, marathon	
	Get into the 'ready position'. Grip a racket and get into sideways positions to strike the ball. Hit a forehand shot, consistently.	What the 'ready position' is. What the baseline is.  To strike balls away from my opponent.	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition	
	Control where I hit the ball.  Get into a good position and play backhand shots	To have a big backswing from sideways on position.  To change my grip slightly to hit back hand shots.	Companion	
Tennis	with some consistency. I can play deft shots near the net within a small area. Volley accurately on my forehand and backhand.	To play deft shots with a loose grip.  How we hit a backhand from a forehand. How to deflect the ball when volleying.	Vocabulary: grip, racket, net, baseline, ready position, serve,	
	Smash. Lob.	How to link shots e.g. serve and volley.	forehand, backhand, return, volley, pass, deft, smash, lob	
	Serve.  Use some tactics against an opponent. Play a competitive game using a range of ground strokes.	The rules of tennis. How to score.		
Year 5 and 6 Summer 2	End Points	Essential Knowledge & Skills	Assessment & Vocabulary	
	Catch with soft hands. Throw accurately into space.	To try and catch the ball in line with my nose.	Assessment: Performance	
	Bowl accurately at a consistent height. Group field consistently well.  Catch and throw quickly from backstop.	What ground fielding techniques to use and can choose the right one for the circumstance.  To have a high back lift with batting.  How to motivate and support my teammate in the	Social & Development Competition	
Rounders	Strike with some accuracy into a given area.  Back up fellow fielders in the outfield.	field. The rules of rounders. Rules when batting and running between bases.	Vocabulary:	
	Communicate with my fellow batsmen/women when between bases.		catch, throw, run, bowl, bat, base, field, space, barrier, backstop, back up, return, offside	
	Throw with real accuracy and under pressure. Play a full game in a small group taking on different roles within the team.	That fielders on 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 3 <sup>nd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> base can start deep and then come to their bases as necessary. The importance of great communication when playing rounders.		
	Adapt my game according to the direct opponent/ situation.  Use non-verbal communication to solve problems.	That I should adjust my position in the field for certain batsmen/women.  The importance of having a plan before I undertake a	Accessment	
	Work as part of a team.  Work with a partner to navigate successfully across and through obstacles whilst blindfolded.	challenge.  How to keep a partner safe.  Where I need to position myself to give clear	Assessment: Performance Social & Development Competition	
Outdoor	Give clear instructions. Stay focused. Think creatively to find solutions to challenges.	instructions and keep my partner safe.  That I need to contribute to a plan even if it is only		
Adventurous	Work together in a small group to solve problems.  Navigate my way round using a map.	through good listening.  How to use a simple map to navigate myself around.  The importance of communication and negotiation	Vocabulary: rules, maps, partner, teamwork, competition,	
	Demonstrate transmissis 1 1 1 1 1		THIS mane narrner teamwork competition	
Activities	Demonstrate teamwork and a good level of communication to complete a group task. Work quickly and effectively against the clock. Work with a partner/ group to find a number of controls using a map.	when working as part of a team.  What ordinance survey symbols mean.	direction, skills, symbols, move, travel, safely, instructions, route, trust, team building, problem solving, strategy, communication, navigate, solutions, challenges, controls, ordinance survey	

### Physical Education Curriculum









#### Early Years Foundation Stage

Move to music. Copy dance moves. Perform some dance moves. Move around the space safely.

Make body tense, relaxed, curled and stretched. Balance on small/ large body parts & understand stillness. Make large and small body shapes. Climb & hang from apparatus. Perform basic travelling actions on various body parts. Perform a roll and basic jumps.

Send & receive a ball by rolling from hands & striking with feet. Aim & throw objects underarm. Catch balloons/ bean bags/ bouncing calls. Move and stop safely in a specific area. Play a passing & target game alone and with a partner. Play simple 1v1 or 2v2 invasion games.

Aim and throw objects underarm. Catch items. Use a hand to strike a bean bag or ball and move towards a scoring area.

Year 1 & 2		
Dance	Copy dance moves. Make up a short dance, after watching one. Dance imaginatively. Change rhythm, speed, level and direction. Change rhythm, speed, level and direction with consistency. Dance with control and co-ordination. Make a sequence by linking sections together. Link some movement to show a mood or feeling.	
Gymnastics	Make body tense, relaxed, curled and stretched, showing some tension. Begin to work on alone/with someone to make a sequence of shapes/travels. Climb safely, showing some shapes and balances when climbing. Keep balance travelling in a range of ways along bench, spots, mat etc. Roll in stretched/curled positions e.g., 'log' and 'egg rolls'. Jump and land safely. Make body tense, relaxed, curled and stretched, in a range of movements. Perform a sequence with changes in speed & direction including 3 different actions (sometimes giving advice to others). Be still on single/two + points of contact on floor/apparatus showing tension & control. Link known shape/travel/roll/jump to a balance using floor & on apparatus. Jump/land with control using different body shapes in flight.	
Invasion Skill Games	Throw underarm, bounce & catch ball by self & with partner. Kick/stop a ball using a confident foot while static. Run straight and on a curve and sidestep with correct technique. Begin to follow some simple rules. Strike a ball successfully with a stick. Apply a tactic in a 1v1 or 2v2 setting. Play a small, sided invasion game. Perform some dribbling skills with hands and feet using space. Pass a ball accurately (hands & feet) over longer distances to a teammate. Combine stopping, pick up/collect & send a ball accurately to other players. Make simple decisions about when /where to move in game to receive a ball. Apply a tactic in a 3v1 game. Engage in simple, competitive and co-operative games.	
Striking & Fielding	Show some different ways of hitting, throwing and striking a ball. Hit a ball or bean bag and move quickly to score a range of points (further distance scores more points). Play as a fielder and get the ball back to a	
Net & Wall	Send and receive a ball with degree of accuracy. Move quickly into good positions to catch. Strike a ball with some degree of accuracy. Volley a ball by getting in line and underneath it. Send a ball with increasing accuracy. Keep a rally going with a partner. Develop a good grip and stance. Begin to strike with more consistency and accuracy on the forehand. Return a ball, after one bounce, that has been thrown to me by a partner. Begin to rally a few shots with more success. Strike a backhand from my own feed. Play against an opponent using a variety of shots. Move fluently around the court.	
Athletics	Use varying speeds when running. Explore footwork patterns. Explore arm mobility. Explore different methods of throwing. Practise short distance running. Run with agility and confidence. Learn the best jumping techniques for distance. Throw different objects in a variety of ways. Hurdle an obstacle and maintain effective running style. Run for distance. Complete an obstacle course with control and agility.	

#### Physical Education Curriculum

Skills Progression

 $\label{thm:constraint} \mbox{Key Stage 2-To be used when differentiating across year groups within phases.}$ 





Year 3 & 4		Year 5 & 6
Dance	Perform pair/group dance involving canon & unison, meet & part. Respond to music in time & rhythm to show like/unlike actions. Respond to music to express a variety of moods & feelings. Respond imaginatively to stimuli related to character/music/story. Perform clear & fluent dances that show sensitivity to idea/stimuli. Make up dance within a small group.	Show/fluency/control in chosen dances in response to stimuli. Perform fluent dances with characteristics of different styles/eras. Adapt & refine (in pair/group), dances that vary direction, space & rhythm. Create & perform dances in a variety of styles consistently. Be aware of & use musical structure, rhythm & mood & can dance accordingly. Use appropriate criteria & terminology to evaluate performances.

	Use a greater number of own ideas for movement in response to a task. Combine arm actions with	Combine own work with that of others, identifying strengths & weaknesses. Include change of speed,
Gymnastics	skips/steps/steps/jumps & spins in travel. Perform basic core gymnastic skills i.e. roll, balance, travel Know principles of balance and apply them on floor & apparatus. Share ideas and give positive criticism/advice to self & others. Create & perform matching/mirroring sequences explaining how it could be improved. Perform at least 3 different rolls (shoulder, forward, back) with some control Link a roll with travel and balance using floor and apparatus with good body control.	direction and shape in movements. Follow a set of 'rules' to produce a sequence, possibly made by peers.  Create mirror/matching/cannon(pair) sequence varying dynamics/levels/direction etc. Select a suitable routine to perform to different audiences, bearing in mind who the audience is. Transfer sequence above onto suitably arranged apparatus & floor. Perform 6–8-part floor sequence as individual, pair & small group.  Demonstrate 3 paired or group balances in sequence using various skills/actions.
Netball/ Basketball	Make a series of passes to teammates moving towards a scoring area. Know the correct technique and show some signs of using a chest pass and shoulder pass. Know where space is and try to move into it. Mark another player and defend when needed. Change direction easily. Develop simple attack/defensive skills in 3v1, 4v2, 3v3 games. Use a chest pass and shoulder pass to support team in scoring. Make decisions regarding which is the best type of pass to use. Begin to use a bounce pass, which only bounces once. Identify space to move into and show a clear target to receive a pass. Mark another player and begin to attempt interceptions. Know where positions are allowed on a court. Play competitive 3v3 or 4v4 games.	Use all three passes (chest, shoulder & bounce) correctly. Use a range of speeds within a game to support a team in scoring. Begin to use square (across the court) & straight (up & down the court) passes to achieve pace. Lose a defender to receive a pass. Defend a player and make some successful interceptions (snatch & catch) when playing as a team. Play competitive 4v4 matches with basic netball rules. Know consequences of breaking game rules. Know which pass is best to use and when in a game. Use a range of square & straight passes to change direction of the ball. Use landing foot to change direction to lose a defender. Draw defender away to create space for self or team. Position body to defend effectively, making successful interceptions. Apply tactics to outwit opponents successfully. Identify ways to improve their individual and team performance.
Hockey		Change direction and use the correct side of stick, sometimes using Indian dribbling (alternating sides of stick while dribbling) to avoid defenders. Choose between the two passes (push/slap) and explain simply why. Make a direct pass while dribbling. Begin to use stick to mark a player from the side line causing them difficulty. Successfully score while in the scoring area. Play small sided competitive games. Use speed, changing of direction and Indian dribbling to advance towards team's goal. Use a range of passes knowing which one depending on the distance of the pass. Dribble and change direction by making a square pass (across the pitch) or straight pass (up/down the pitch). Know when to defend and what defence skills could be used. Seize an opportunity to score, sometimes quite quickly. Play small sided competitive games Pass a moving ball.
Athletics	Run in different directions and at different speeds, using a good technique. Improve throwing technique. Reinforce jumping techniques. Understand the relay and passing the baton. Choose and understand appropriate running techniques. Compete in a mini competition, recording scores. Select and maintain a running pace for different distances. Practise throwing with power and accuracy. Throw safely and with understanding. Demonstrate good running technique in a competitive situation. Explore different footwork patterns Understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance. Utilise all the skills learned in this unit in a competitive situation.	Use correct technique to run at speed. Develop the ability to run for distance. Throw with accuracy and power. Identify and apply techniques of relay running. Explore different footwork patterns. Understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance. Learn how to use skills to improve the distance of a pull throw. Demonstrate good techniques in a competitive situation. Investigate running styles and changes of speed. Practise throwing with power and accuracy. Throw safely and with understanding. Demonstrate good running technique in a competitive situation. Explore different footwork patterns. Understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance. Utilise all the skills learned in this unit in a competitive situation.
Cricket	Throw and catch under pressure. Use fielding skills to stop the ball effectively. Learn batting control.  Learn the role of wicket keeper Play in a tournament and work as team, using tactics to beat another team. Play in a tournament and work as team, using tactics to beat another team Know when to use an underarm or overarm throw. To develop the range of Cricket skills they can apply in a competitive context. To choose and use a range of simple tactics in isolation and in a game context. To consolidate existing skills and apply with consistency. To develop fielding skills e.g. which stump, where to hit.	To link together a range of skills and use in combination. To collaborate as a team to choose, use and adapt rules in games. To recognise how some aspects of fitness apply to cricket e.g. power, flexibility and cardiovascular endurance. Play small sided competitive games. To apply with consistency standard cricket rules in a variety of different styles of games. To attempt a small range of recognised shots in isolation and in competitive scenarios. To use a range of tactics for attacking and defending in role of bowler, batter and fielder.
Tag Rugby	Move holding a rugby ball with 2 hands. Know where to score a try and how to position the ball to score a try. Move into spaces to avoid defenders. Make a backward pass to teammates, using the direction most comfortable. Know to tag teammates when to defend. Play small sided competitive games. Move with speed (and change of) with the ball and without. Use speed and space to avoid defenders. Pass backwards and in both directions and sometimes on the move. Tag the person who has the ball but can mark a player who doesn't have the ball. Begin to make a high pop pass to avoid a defender. Play small sided competitive games. Understand basic rules of competition.	Be able to evade and tag opponents. Be able to pass and receive a pass at speed. Be able to pass and receive a pass at speed in a game situation. Refine attacking and defending skills. Develop tactics as a team. Apply learned skills in a game of tag rugby. Catch the ball with confidence Be able to evade and tag opponents. Running at speed, changing direction at speed. Play effectively in attack and defence. Score points against opposition, as a team. Support player with the ball. Play small sided competitive games.
Rounders	Be able to play simple rounders games. Apply some rules to games. Develop and use simple rounders skills. Use a forehanded batting technique. Field the ball back to the post or bowler. Bowl accurately. Develop the range of rounders skills that can apply in a competitive context. Choose and use a range of simple tactics in isolation and in a game, context Identify different positions in rounders and the roles of those positions.	Link together a range of skills and use in combination. Collaborate as a team to choose, use and adapt rules in games. Recognise how some aspects of fitness apply to rounders e.g. power, flexibility and cardiovascular endurance Throw and catch under pressure. Use fielding skills to stop the ball effectively. Learn batting control. Learn the role of backstop. Play in a tournament and work as team, using tactics to beat another team. Play in a tournament and work as team, using tactics to beat another team. Apply consistently rounders rules in conditioned games. Play small, sided games using standard rounders pitch layout. Use a range of tactics for attacking and defending in role of bowler, batter and fielder.

Tennis	Tap the ball off racquet (tapping it to the ground, tapping it up off the racket, tapping it up with one bounce etc). Tap the ball back and forth to partner. Stand in a ready position holding racquet correctly. Change from a ready position before tapping the ball to a partner. Begin to know what it means by a forehand and backhand position. Begin to attempt to serve the tennis ball straight from hands, sometimes using one bounce if needed. Tap the ball back and forth to a partner over a small space. Begin to tap a ball over a net allowing for a bounce, hit technique. Move from a ready position into a forehand position/backhand position quickly. Bring racquet to meet the ball for a forehand and backhand hit Know to use two hands for an effective backhand. Move racquet in a low to high swing for an effective tap. Serve the ball straight from hands to racquet making sure it lands 'in' on the other side.	Tap the ball using either a fore hand or back hand motion. Move towards the ball from 'ready' position choosing either forehand or backhand depending on where the ball is. Set racquet back in its ready position quickly upon recovery. Demonstrate the correct swing technique when hitting the ball over a net sometimes showing control over the hit. Serve the ball correctly beginning to purposely aim for space to score. Turn and run to the ball getting into a forehand or backhand position on route. Use 'move-hit-recover' approach within a game showing facing forward on recovery. Show a range of grips when demonstrating a backhand (continental, chopper, hammer grip). Use the correct swing technique and control with smooth swings keeping the path of the racquet the same. Serve the ball accurately making teammates must move to send it back.
Football	Begin to dribble a ball making small touches Begin to send a football to someone on team. Keep a ball under control. Know where space is and try to move into it. Mark another player and defend when needed. Know basic rules of a small, sided game. Play competitive games 2v2 Dribble with small touches into space. Send a football to someone on the team, using different parts of foot. Keep a ball under control when receiving a range of passes from team. Understand where the space is and can move into it. Mark another player and begin to attempt interceptions. Play small sided competitive games.	
Outdoor Adventure	Describe how the body reacts at different times and how this affects performance. Explain why exercise is good for your health. Know some reasons for warming up and cooling down. Orientate themselves with accuracy around a short trail. Create a short trail for others with a physical challenge Start to recognise features for an orienteering course. Communicate clearly with other people in the team and with other teams. Have experience of a range of roles within the team and begin to identify the key stills required to succeed at each. Associate the meaning of a key in the context of the environment. Try a range of equipment for creating and completing an activity Make an informed decision on the best equipment to use for an activity Plan and organise a trail that others can follow.	Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down. Carry out warm-ups and cool-down safely and effectively. Understand why exercise is good for health, fitness and wellbeing. Know ways they can become healthier. Orientate themselves with confidence and accuracy around an orienteering course under pressure. Design an orienteering course that is clear to follow and offer challenges to others. Use navigation equipment (maps, compasses) to improve the trail. Use clear communication to effectively complete a particular role in a team Complete in orienteering activities both as part of a team and independently. Use a range of map styles and make an informed decision on the most effective. Choose the best equipment for an outdoor activity. Prepare an orienteering course for others to follow. Identify the quickest route to accurately navigate an orienteering course. Manage an orienteering event for others to compete in.
Swimming	To develop basic pool safety skills and confidence in water. To develop travel in vertical or horizontal position and introduce floats. To develop push and glides, any kick action on front and back with or without support aids. To develop entry and exit, travel further, float and submerge. To develop balance, link activities and travel further on whole stroke. To show breath control. Introduction to deeper water. Treading water.	